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The purpose of the book is to show the necessity for consolidating the English statutes relating to India, and to show in what way it can be done. The first chapter contains an historical introduction, covering some hundred pages and yet much compressed. The author has written solely from the view point of one interested in constitutional law; and it is necessary to have some knowledge both of English and of Indian history in order to understand and appreciate his work. The same criticism may be made of the summary of existing law that follows. But a careful reading presents forcibly the necessity for consolidating the various enactments. That it is possible to do so Sir Courtenay Ilbert proceeds to demonstrate. He has collected all the statutory enactments relating to the government of India, arranging them in convenient order according to the principles adopted in preparing consolidation bills for presentation to Parliament, and he has added explanatory notes. This work is largely based on the consolidating draft of 1873, which he has brought down to date. If the British government sees fit to pass a consolidating act, this work will be of unquestionable value. Even if consolidation is not enacted, it should be an almost invaluable handbook for Indian administrative officials. It is also of interest to the student of comparative law, legislation, and administration.

S. H. E. F.

LEADING CASES ON THE LAW OF EVIDENCE. By Ernest Cockle. London: Sweet and Maxwell, Ltd. 1907. pp. xii, 224. 8vo.

The title should be "Leading Cases on the English Law of Evidence," since English cases alone have been selected. At the head of each case is a short statement of the principle to be illustrated, then follow the facts and that portion of the opinion which deals with the point at issue. To this the author usually adds a footnote of comment or explanation. Such an arrangement is compact and clear. On the other hand so little of each case is given that the reader cannot tell by examination whether the point is the sole, or one of several grounds for the decision. The index, however, is full and well arranged, and thus gives a fairly adequate summary of the subject. The scope and value of the book within its somewhat limited field would be greatly increased if each leading case were followed by a reference to those English cases wherein it has been cited, explained, or distinguished.

E. H. A., JR.

A TREATISE ON THE MODERN LAW OF BANKING. By Albert S. Bolles. In two volumes. Philadelphia: George T. Bissel Company. 1907. pp. lxxix, 508; 509-1124. 8vo.

A TRUSTEE'S HANDBOOK. By Augustus Peabody Loring. Third Edition. Boston: Little, Brown, and Company. 1907. pp. xxxvi, 224. 12mo.

SAMUEL FREEMAN MILLER. By Charles Noble Gregory. Iowa Biographical Series. Iowa City: The State Historical Society of Iowa. 1907. pp. xvi, 217. 8vo.

TRIAL EVIDENCE. By Richard Lea Kennedy. St. Paul: The Keefe-Davidson Company. pp. vii, 49. 8vo.

MANUAL OF CORPORATE TAXATION IN NEW YORK. New York: Fallon Law Book Company. 1907. pp. xv, 119. 8vo.

DIE KUNST DER RECHTSANWENDUNG. By Lorenz Brütt. Berlin: J. Gutentag. 1907. pp. 214. 8vo.

THE LAW AND THE GOSPEL OF LABOR. By Luther Hess Waring. New York: Neale Publishing Company. 1907. pp. 140. 12mo.

STREET RAILWAY REPORTS ANNOTATED. Volume IV. Albany: Mathew Bender and Company. 1907. pp. iv, 1218. 8vo.